Upper Colorado River Division States Current and Future Depletion Demand Schedule^{1,2} *Total Upper Colorado River Division States*

December 31, 2016

(Units: 1,000 acre-feet)

ITEM	YEAR							
	Current/Historic	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	
Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock	2,968	3,036	3,051	3,073	3 <i>,</i> 078	3,080	3,082	
Potential Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock		0	5	5	10	10	0	
Municipal/Industrial	124	149	168	183	200	209	217	
Potential Municipal/Industrial		3	6	14	18	21	16	
Self-Served Industrial	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Potential Self-Served Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy	152	157	167	178	193	198	203	
Potential Energy		5	10	10	15	10	0	
Minerals	53	57	65	73	81	94	103	
Potential Minerals		2	8	17	26	31	33	
Export	1,019	1,050	1,123	1,179	1,258	1,310	1,423	
Potential Export		50	75	100	125	100	0	
Ute Indian Settlement ³	0	25	65	112	146	146	146	
Reservoir Evaporation (in-state)	208	208	208	208	208	208	208	
Potential Reservoir Evaporation		0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL Forecasted Depletions	4,536	4,753	4,963	5,165	5,368	5,428	5,442	
Shared CRSP Evap (0.520maf) ⁴	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	
TOTAL	5,056	5,273	5,483	5,685	5,888	5,948	5,962	

Note 1: This depletion schedule does not attempt to interpret the Colorado River Compact, the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact,

or any other element of the "Law of the River." This schedule should not be construed as an acceptance of any assumption that limits the Upper Colorado River Basin's depletions.

Note 2: This depletion schedule is for planning purposes only. It is not a tabulation or determination of water rights or actual uses. **Note 3:** The Ute Indian Settlement is part of Utah's depletion.

Note 4: "Shared CRSP Evap" refers to evaporation from the reservoirs constructed under the Colorado River Storage Project (CRSP) Act that are used to regulate compact deliveries at Lee Ferry and generate CRSP hydroelectric power. These include Lake Powell, Flaming Gorge Reservoir, and the Aspinall Unit. This evaporation amount is the anticipated long-term average. Evaporation will vary annually depending on reservoir storage and climatic conditions.

Upper Colorado River Division States Current and Future Depletion Demand Schedule^{1,2} *Colorado*

December 31, 2016

(Units: 1,000 acre-feet)

ITEM	YEAR							
	Current/Historic	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	
Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock ³	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	
Potential Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock		0	5	5	10	10	0	
Municipal/Industrial	60	60	65	65	70	70	75	
Potential Municipal/Industrial		0	0	5	5	5	0	
Self-Served Industrial	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	
Potential Self-Served Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy	30	33	40	45	50	55	60	
Potential Energy		5	10	10	15	10	0	
Minerals	32	35	40	45	50	60	66	
Potential Minerals		0	0	3	5	4	0	
Export	732	740	775	800	850	900	1,013	
Potential Export		50	75	100	125	100	0	
Reservoir Evaporation (in-state)	130	130	130	130	130	130	130	
Potential Reservoir Evaporation		0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL Forecasted Depletions	2,595	2,664	2,751	2,819	2,921	2,955	2,955	

Note 1: This depletion schedule does not attempt to interpret the Colorado River Compact, the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact, or any other element of the "Law of the River." This schedule should not be construed as an acceptance of any assumption that limits the Upper Colorado River Basin's depletions.

Note 2: This depletion schedule is for planning purposes only. It is not a tabulation or determination of water rights or actual uses.

Note 3: Increases in current/historic Agriculture depletions represent a change in consumptive use calculation methodology. There has been no documented evidence of increase in actual consumptive use over this time frame. 2016 calculations used the modified Blaney-Criddle method with elevation adjustments. We anticipate an additional increase in calculated consumptive use if the Penman-Monteith method is used in the future.

Upper Colorado River Division States Current and Future Depletion Demand Schedule^{1,2} *New Mexico* December 31, 2016

(Units: 1,000 acre-feet)

ITEM	YEAR							
	Current/Historic	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	
Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock	323	341	361	381	381	381	381	
Potential Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Municipal/Industrial	16	23	32	41	47	54	55	
Potential Municipal/Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Self-Served Industrial	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Potential Self-Served Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	
Potential Energy		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Minerals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Potential Minerals		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Export	105	105	116	120	120	120	120	
Potential Export		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reservoir Evaporation (in-state)	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	
Potential Reservoir Evaporation		0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL Forecasted Depletions	530	555	595	628	634	641	642	

Note 1: This depletion schedule does not attempt to interpret the Colorado River Compact, the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact, or any other element of the "Law of the River." This schedule should not be construed as an acceptance of any assumption that limits the Upper Colorado River Basin's depletions.

Note 2: This depletion schedule is for planning purposes only. It is not a tabulation or determination of water rights or actual uses.

Upper Colorado River Division States Current and Future Depletion Demand Schedule^{1,2} *Utah*

December 31, 2016

(Units: 1,000 acre-feet)

ITEM	YEAR							
	Current/Historic	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	
Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock	601	650	643	643	645	645	645	
Potential Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Municipal/Industrial	32	46	49	52	56	56	56	
Potential Municipal/Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Self-Served Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Potential Self-Served Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy ³	40	42	45	51	61	61	61	
Potential Energy		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Minerals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Potential Minerals		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Export	170	191	216	241	267	267	267	
Potential Export		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ute Indian Settlement	0	25	65	112	146	146	146	
Reservoir Evaporation (in-state)	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	
Potential Reservoir Evaporation		0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL Forecasted Depletions	865	975	1,039	1,121	1,197	1,197	1,197	

Note 1: This depletion schedule does not attempt to interpret the Colorado River Compact, the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact, or any other element of the "Law of the River." This schedule should not be construed as an acceptance of any assumption that limits the Upper Colorado River Basin's depletions.

Note 2: This depletion schedule is for planning purposes only. It is not a tabulation or determination of water rights or actual uses.

Note 3: Energy and Minerals are combined for this value as Utah does not separate Minerals from Energy.

Upper Colorado River Division States Current and Future Depletion Demand Schedule^{1,2}

Wyoming ³ December 31, 2016 (Units: 1,000 acre-feet)

ІТЕМ	YEAR							
	Current/Historic	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	
Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock	444	445	447	449	451	453	455	
Potential Agriculture-Irrigation & Stock		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Municipal/Industrial	16	20	23	25	27	29	31	
Potential Municipal/Industrial		3	6	9	13	16	16	
Self-Served Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Potential Self-Served Industrial		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Energy	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	
Potential Energy		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Minerals	19	20	23	26	29	32	35	
Potential Minerals		2	8	14	21	27	33	
Export	13	14	16	19	21	23	23	
Potential Export		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Reservoir Evaporation (in-state)	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	
Potential Reservoir Evaporation		0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL Forecasted Depletions	546	558	578	597	616	635	648	

Note 1: This depletion schedule does not attempt to interpret the Colorado River Compact, the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact, or any other element of the "Law of the River." This schedule should not be construed as an acceptance of any assumption that limits the Upper Colorado River Basin's depletions.

Note 2: This depletion schedule is for planning purposes only. It is not a tabulation or determination of water rights or actual uses.

Note 3: Wyoming's Current/Historic Agriculture Consumptive Use was calculated using a Penman-Monteith procedure. The 2007 estimates were calculated using a Blaney-Criddle procedure. This change in methodology primarily accounts for the increase in estimated consumptive use from irrigated lands. There has been no documented actual increase in consumptive use over this time frame. We do believe the Penman-Monteith methodology is more accurate than Blaney-Criddle.